pyOpenSSL Documentation

Release 17.5.0

The pyOpenSSL developers

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Release v17.5.0 (What's new?).

pyOpenSSL is a rather thin wrapper around (a subset of) the OpenSSL library. With thin wrapper we mean that a lot of the object methods do nothing more than calling a corresponding function in the OpenSSL library.

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CHAPTER 1

Contents:

1.1 Introduction

1.1.1 History

pyOpenSSL was originally created by Martin Sjögren because the SSL support in the standard library in Python 2.1 (the contemporary version of Python when the pyOpenSSL project was begun) was severely limited. Other OpenSSL wrappers for Python at the time were also limited, though in different ways.

Later it was maintained by Jean-Paul Calderone who among other things managed to make pyOpenSSL a pure Python project which the current maintainers are *very* grateful for.

Over the time the standard library's ssl module improved, never reaching the completeness of pyOpenSSL's API coverage. Despite PEP 466 many useful features remain Python 3-only and pyOpenSSL remains the only alternative for full-featured TLS code across all noteworthy Python versions from 2.6 through 3.5 and PyPy.

1.1.2 Development

pyOpenSSL is collaboratively developed by the Python Cryptography Authority (PyCA) that also maintains the low-level bindings called cryptography.

Current maintainer and release manager is Hynek Schlawack.

1.1.3 Contributing

First of all, thank you for your interest in contributing to pyOpenSSL! This project has no company backing its development therefore we're dependent on help by the community.

Filing bug reports

Bug reports are very welcome. Please file them on the GitHub issue tracker. Good bug reports come with extensive descriptions of the error and how to reproduce it. Reporters are strongly encouraged to include an short, self contained, correct example.

Patches

All patches to pyOpenSSL should be submitted in the form of pull requests to the main pyOpenSSL repository, pyca/pyopenssl. These pull requests should satisfy the following properties:

Code

- The pull request should focus on one particular improvement to pyOpenSSL. Create different pull requests for unrelated features or bugfixes.
- Code should follow PEP 8, especially in the "do what code around you does" sense. Follow OpenSSL naming for callables whenever possible is preferred.
- Pull requests that introduce code must test all new behavior they introduce as well as for previously untested or poorly tested behavior that they touch.
- Pull requests are not allowed to break existing tests. We usually don't comment on pull requests that are breaking the CI because we consider them work in progress. Please note that not having 100% code coverage for the code you wrote/touched also causes our CI to fail.

Documentation

When introducing new functionality, please remember to write documentation.

• New functions and methods should have a docstring describing what they do, what parameters they takes, what types those parameters are, and what they return.

Don't forget to add an .. auto (function|class|method):: statement to the relevant API document found in doc/api/ to actually add your function to the Sphinx documentation.

- Do *not* use :py: prefixes when cross-linking (Python is default). Do *not* use the generic :data: or :obj:. Instead use more specific types like :class:,:func: or :meth: if applicable.
- Pull requests that introduce features or fix bugs should note those changes in the CHANGELOG.rst file. Please add new entries to the *top* of the *current* Changes section followed by a line linking to the relevant pull request:

```
- Added ``OpenSSL.crypto.some_func()`` to do something awesome.
[`#1 <https://github.com/pyca/pyopenssl/pull/1>`_]
```

• Use semantic newlines in reStructuredText files (files ending in .rst).

Review

Finally, pull requests must be reviewed before merging. This process mirrors the cryptography code review process. Everyone can perform reviews; this is a very valuable way to contribute, and is highly encouraged.

Pull requests are merged by members of PyCA. They should, of course, keep all the requirements detailed in this document as well as the pyca/cryptography merge requirements in mind.

The final responsibility for the reviewing of merged code lies with the person merging it. Since pyOpenSSL is a sensitive project from a security perspective, reviewers are strongly encouraged to take this review and merge process very seriously.

Finding Help

If you need any help with the contribution process, you'll find us hanging out at #cryptography-dev on Freenode IRC. You can also ask questions on our mailing list.

Please note that this project is released with a Contributor Code of Conduct. By participating in this project you agree to abide by its terms.

Security

If you feel that you found a security-relevant bug that you would prefer to discuss in private, please send us a GPG-encrypted e-mail.

The maintainer can be reached at hs@ox.cx and his GPG key ID is 0xAE2536227F69F181 (Fingerprint: C2A0 4F86 ACE2 8ADC F817 DBB7 AE25 3622 7F69 F181). Feel free to cross-check this information with Keybase.

1.2 Installation

To install pyOpenSSL:

```
$ pip install pyopenssl
```

If you are installing in order to develop on pyOpenSSL, move to the root directory of a pyOpenSSL checkout, and run:

```
$ pip install -e .
```

Warning: As of 0.14, pyOpenSSL is a pure-Python project. That means that if you encounter *any* kind of compiler errors, pyOpenSSL's bugtracker is the **wrong** place to report them because we *cannot* help you.

Please take the time to read the errors and report them/ask help from the appropriate project. The most likely culprit being cryptography that contains OpenSSL's library bindings.

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1.2.1 Supported OpenSSL Versions

pyOpenSSL supports the same platforms and releases as the upstream cryptography project does. Currently that means:

- 1.0.1
- 1.0.2
- 1.1.0

If you need support for older releases, the following pinned versions will work:

- OpenSSL 0.9.8: 'pyOpenSSL<17.0' 'cryptography<1.4'
- OpenSSL 1.0.0: 'pyOpenSSL<17.1' 'cryptography<1.7'

You can always find out the versions of pyOpenSSL, cryptography, and the linked OpenSSL by running python -m OpenSSL.debug.

1.2.2 Documentation

The documentation is written in reStructuredText and built using Sphinx:

```
$ cd doc
$ make html
```

1.3 OpenSSL — Python interface to OpenSSL

This package provides a high-level interface to the functions in the OpenSSL library. The following modules are defined:

1.3.1 crypto — Generic cryptographic module

Note: pyca/cryptography is likely a better choice than using this module. It contains a complete set of cryptographic primitives as well as a significantly better and more powerful X509 API. If necessary you can convert to and from cryptography objects using the to_cryptography and from_cryptography methods on X509, X509Req, CRL, and PKey.

Elliptic curves

```
OpenSSL.crypto.get_elliptic_curves()
```

Return a set of objects representing the elliptic curves supported in the OpenSSL build in use.

The curve objects have a unicode name attribute by which they identify themselves.

The curve objects are useful as values for the argument accepted by Context.set_tmp_ecdh() to specify which elliptical curve should be used for ECDHE key exchange.

```
OpenSSL.crypto.get_elliptic_curve(name)
```

Return a single curve object selected by name.

See get_elliptic_curves() for information about curve objects.

If the named curve is not supported then ValueError is raised.

Serialization and deserialization

The following serialization functions take one of these constants to determine the format.

```
OpenSSL.crypto.FILETYPE_PEM
```

FILETYPE_PEM serializes data to a Base64-encoded encoded representation of the underlying ASN.1 data structure. This representation includes delimiters that define what data structure is contained within the Base64-encoded block: for example, for a certificate, the delimiters are ----BEGIN CERTIFICATE---- and ----END CERTIFICATE----.

```
OpenSSL.crypto.FILETYPE_ASN1
```

FILETYPE_ASN1 serializes data to the underlying ASN.1 data structure. The format used by FILETYPE_ASN1 is also sometimes referred to as DER.

Certificates

```
OpenSSL.crypto.dump_certificate(type, cert)
```

Dump the certificate *cert* into a buffer string encoded with the type *type*.

```
OpenSSL.crypto.load_certificate(type, buffer)
```

Load a certificate (X509) from the string *buffer* encoded with the type *type*.

Certificate signing requests

```
OpenSSL.crypto.dump_certificate_request(type, req)
```

Dump the certificate request req into a buffer string encoded with the type type.

```
OpenSSL.crypto.load_certificate_request(type, buffer)
```

Load a certificate request (X509Req) from the string buffer encoded with the type type.

Private keys

```
OpenSSL.crypto.dump_privatekey(type, pkey, cipher=None, passphrase=None)
```

Dump the private key *pkey* into a buffer string encoded with the type *type*. Optionally (if *type* is *FILETYPE_PEM*) encrypting it using *cipher* and *passphrase*.

Parameters

- type The file type (one of FILETYPE_PEM, FILETYPE_ASN1, or FILETYPE_TEXT)
- pkey (PKey) The PKey to dump
- cipher (optional) if encrypted PEM format, the cipher to use
- **passphrase** (optional) if encrypted PEM format, this can be either the passphrase to use, or a callback for providing the passphrase.

Returns The buffer with the dumped key in

Return type bytes

```
OpenSSL.crypto.load_privatekey(type, buffer[, passphrase])
```

Load a private key (PKey) from the string *buffer* encoded with the type *type* (must be one of *FILETYPE_PEM* and *FILETYPE_ASN1*).

passphrase must be either a string or a callback for providing the pass phrase.

Public keys

 ${\tt OpenSSL.crypto.dump_publickey}~(\textit{type}, \textit{pkey})$

Dump a public key to a buffer.

Parameters

- type The file type (one of FILETYPE_PEM or FILETYPE_ASN1).
- **pkey** (PKey) The public key to dump

Returns The buffer with the dumped key in it.

Return type bytes

OpenSSL.crypto.load_publickey(type, buffer)

Load a public key from a buffer.

Parameters

- type The file type (one of FILETYPE_PEM, FILETYPE_ASN1).
- buffer (A Python string object, either unicode or bytestring.)

 The buffer the key is stored in.

Returns The PKey object.

Return type *PKey*

Certificate revocation lists

```
OpenSSL.crypto.dump_crl(type, crl)
```

Dump a certificate revocation list to a buffer.

Parameters

- type The file type (one of FILETYPE_PEM, FILETYPE_ASN1, or FILETYPE_TEXT).
- crl (CRL) The CRL to dump.

Returns The buffer with the CRL.

Return type bytes

```
OpenSSL.crypto.load_crl(type, buffer)
```

Load Certificate Revocation List (CRL) data from a string *buffer*. *buffer* encoded with the type *type*. The type *type* must either *FILETYPE_PEM* or *FILETYPE_ASN1*).

```
OpenSSL.crypto.load_pkcs7_data(type, buffer)
```

Load pkcs7 data from the string *buffer* encoded with the type *type*. The type *type* must either *FILETYPE_PEM* or *FILETYPE_ASN1*).

```
OpenSSL.crypto.load_pkcs12(buffer[, passphrase])
```

Load pkcs12 data from the string *buffer*. If the pkcs12 structure is encrypted, a *passphrase* must be included. The MAC is always checked and thus required.

See also the man page for the C function PKCS12_parse().

Signing and verifying signatures

```
OpenSSL.crypto.sign(key, data, digest)
```

Sign a data string using the given key and message digest.

key is a PKey instance. data is a str instance. digest is a str naming a supported message digest type, for example b"sha256".

New in version 0.11.

OpenSSL.crypto.verify (certificate, signature, data, digest)

Verify the signature for a data string.

certificate is a X509 instance corresponding to the private key which generated the signature. signature is a str instance giving the signature itself. data is a str instance giving the data to which the signature applies. digest is a str instance naming the message digest type of the signature, for example b"sha256".

New in version 0.11.

X509 objects

```
class OpenSSL.crypto.X509
```

An X.509 certificate.

add extensions(extensions)

Add extensions to the certificate.

Parameters extensions (An iterable of X509Extension objects.) – The extensions to add.

Returns None

digest (digest_name)

Return the digest of the X509 object.

Parameters digest_name (bytes) – The name of the digest algorithm to use.

Returns The digest of the object, formatted as b": "-delimited hex pairs.

Return type bytes

classmethod from_cryptography(crypto_cert)

Construct based on a cryptography crypto_cert.

Parameters crypto_key (cryptography.x509.Certificate) - A
 cryptography X.509 certificate.

Return type *PKey*

New in version 17.1.0.

get_extension (index)

Get a specific extension of the certificate by index.

Extensions on a certificate are kept in order. The index parameter selects which extension will be returned.

Parameters index (int) – The index of the extension to retrieve.

Returns The extension at the specified index.

Return type X509Extension

Raises IndexError – If the extension index was out of bounds.

New in version 0.12.

get_extension_count()

Get the number of extensions on this certificate.

Returns The number of extensions.

Return type int

New in version 0.12.

get_issuer()

Return the issuer of this certificate.

This creates a new X509Name that wraps the underlying issuer name field on the certificate. Modifying it will modify the underlying certificate, and will have the effect of modifying any other X509Name that refers to this issuer.

Returns The issuer of this certificate.

Return type X509Name

get_notAfter()

Get the timestamp at which the certificate stops being valid.

The timestamp is formatted as an ASN.1 TIME:

YYYYMMDDhhmmssZ

Returns A timestamp string, or None if there is none.

Return type bytes or NoneType

get_notBefore()

Get the timestamp at which the certificate starts being valid.

The timestamp is formatted as an ASN.1 TIME:

YYYYMMDDhhmmssZ

Returns A timestamp string, or None if there is none.

Return type bytes or NoneType

get_pubkey()

Get the public key of the certificate.

Returns The public key.

Return type PKey

get_serial_number()

Return the serial number of this certificate.

Returns The serial number.

Return type int

${\tt get_signature_algorithm}\;(\,)$

Return the signature algorithm used in the certificate.

Returns The name of the algorithm.

```
Return type bytes
```

Raises ValueError – If the signature algorithm is undefined.

New in version 0.13.

get_subject()

Return the subject of this certificate.

This creates a new X509Name that wraps the underlying subject name field on the certificate. Modifying it will modify the underlying certificate, and will have the effect of modifying any other X509Name that refers to this subject.

Returns The subject of this certificate.

Return type X509Name

get_version()

Return the version number of the certificate.

Returns The version number of the certificate.

Return type int

gmtime_adj_notAfter(amount)

Adjust the time stamp on which the certificate stops being valid.

Parameters amount (int) – The number of seconds by which to adjust the timestamp.

Returns None

gmtime adj notBefore(amount)

Adjust the timestamp on which the certificate starts being valid.

Parameters amount – The number of seconds by which to adjust the timestamp.

Returns None

has_expired()

Check whether the certificate has expired.

Returns True if the certificate has expired, False otherwise.

Return type bool

set_issuer (issuer)

Set the issuer of this certificate.

Parameters issuer (X509Name) – The issuer.

Returns None

set_notAfter(when)

Set the timestamp at which the certificate stops being valid.

The timestamp is formatted as an ASN.1 TIME:

YYYYMMDDhhmmssZ

Parameters when (bytes) – A timestamp string.

Returns None

```
set notBefore(when)
     Set the timestamp at which the certificate starts being valid.
     The timestamp is formatted as an ASN.1 TIME:
     YYYYMMDDhhmmssZ
         Parameters when (bytes) – A timestamp string.
         Returns None
set_pubkey (pkey)
    Set the public key of the certificate.
         Parameters pkey (PKey) – The public key.
         Returns None
set serial number(serial)
     Set the serial number of the certificate.
         Parameters serial (int) - The new serial number.
         Returns :py:data'None'
set_subject (subject)
     Set the subject of this certificate.
         Parameters subject (X509Name) – The subject.
         Returns None
set version(version)
     Set the version number of the certificate.
         Parameters version (int) - The version number of the certificate.
         Returns None
sign (pkey, digest)
     Sign the certificate with this key and digest type.
         Parameters
             • pkey (PKey) – The key to sign with.
             • digest (bytes) – The name of the message digest to use.
         Returns None
subject_name_hash()
     Return the hash of the X509 subject.
         Returns The hash of the subject.
         Return type bytes
```

to_cryptography()

New in version 17.1.0.

Export as a cryptography certificate.

Return type cryptography.x509.Certificate

X509Name objects

```
class OpenSSL.crypto.X509Name(name)
```

An X.509 Distinguished Name.

Variables

- countryName The country of the entity.
- C Alias for countryName.
- **stateOrProvinceName** The state or province of the entity.
- ST Alias for stateOrProvinceName.
- localityName The locality of the entity.
- L Alias for localityName.
- organizationName The organization name of the entity.
- O Alias for organizationName.
- organizationalUnitName The organizational unit of the entity.
- OU Alias for organizationalUnitName
- commonName The common name of the entity.
- CN Alias for commonName.
- **emailAddress** The e-mail address of the entity.

```
___init___(name)
```

Create a new X509Name, copying the given X509Name instance.

Parameters name (*X509Name*) – The name to copy.

der()

Return the DER encoding of this name.

Returns The DER encoded form of this name.

Return type bytes

get_components()

Returns the components of this name, as a sequence of 2-tuples.

Returns The components of this name.

Return type list of name, value tuples.

hash()

Return an integer representation of the first four bytes of the MD5 digest of the DER representation of the name.

This is the Python equivalent of OpenSSL's X509_NAME_hash.

Returns The (integer) hash of this name.

Return type int

X509Req objects

```
class OpenSSL.crypto.X509Req
     An X.509 certificate signing requests.
     add_extensions (extensions)
          Add extensions to the certificate signing request.
              Parameters extensions (iterable of X509Extension) – The X.509 extensions to add.
               Returns None
     classmethod from_cryptography(crypto_req)
          Construct based on a cryptography crypto_req.
              Parameters crypto_req (cryptography.x509.CertificateSigningRequest)
                  - A cryptography X.509 certificate signing request
              Return type PKey
          New in version 17.1.0.
     get_extensions()
          Get X.509 extensions in the certificate signing request.
              Returns The X.509 extensions in this request.
               Return type list of X509Extension objects.
          New in version 0.15.
     get_pubkey()
          Get the public key of the certificate signing request.
              Returns The public key.
              Return type PKey
     get_subject()
          Return the subject of this certificate signing request.
          This creates a new X509Name that wraps the underlying subject name field on the certificate signing
          request. Modifying it will modify the underlying signing request, and will have the effect of modifying
          any other X509Name that refers to this subject.
              Returns The subject of this certificate signing request.
               Return type X509Name
     get_version()
          Get the version subfield (RFC 2459, section 4.1.2.1) of the certificate request.
               Returns The value of the version subfield.
              Return type int
     set pubkey (pkey)
          Set the public key of the certificate signing request.
              Parameters pkey(PKey) – The public key to use.
              Returns None
     set version(version)
          Set the version subfield (RFC 2459, section 4.1.2.1) of the certificate request.
```

Parameters version (*int*) – The version number.

Returns None

sign (pkey, digest)

Sign the certificate signing request with this key and digest type.

Parameters

- **pkey** (PKey) The key pair to sign with.
- **digest** (bytes) The name of the message digest to use for the signature, e.g. b"sha256".

Returns None

to_cryptography()

Export as a cryptography certificate signing request.

Return type cryptography.x509.CertificateSigningRequest

New in version 17.1.0.

verify(pkey)

Verifies the signature on this certificate signing request.

Parameters key (PKey) – A public key.

Returns True if the signature is correct.

Return type bool

Raises *OpenSSL.crypto.Error* – If the signature is invalid or there is a problem verifying the signature.

X509Store objects

class OpenSSL.crypto.X509Store

An X.509 store.

An X.509 store is used to describe a context in which to verify a certificate. A description of a context may include a set of certificates to trust, a set of certificate revocation lists, verification flags and more.

An X.509 store, being only a description, cannot be used by itself to verify a certificate. To carry out the actual verification process, see X509StoreContext.

add_cert (cert)

Adds a trusted certificate to this store.

Adding a certificate with this method adds this certificate as a trusted certificate.

Parameters cert (X509) – The certificate to add to this store.

Raises

- **TypeError** If the certificate is not an *X509*.
- OpenSSL. crypto. Error If OpenSSL was unhappy with your certificate.

Returns None if the certificate was added successfully.

add_crl (crl)

Add a certificate revocation list to this store.

The certificate revocation lists added to a store will only be used if the associated flags are configured to check certificate revocation lists.

New in version 16.1.0.

Parameters crl (CRL) – The certificate revocation list to add to this store.

Returns None if the certificate revocation list was added successfully.

$\mathtt{set_flags}(\mathit{flags})$

Set verification flags to this store.

Verification flags can be combined by oring them together.

Note: Setting a verification flag sometimes requires clients to add additional information to the store, otherwise a suitable error will be raised.

For example, in setting flags to enable CRL checking a suitable CRL must be added to the store otherwise an error will be raised.

New in version 16.1.0.

Parameters flags (int) – The verification flags to set on this store. See X509StoreFlags for available constants.

Returns None if the verification flags were successfully set.

set_time (vfy_time)

Set the time against which the certificates are verified.

Normally the current time is used.

Note: For example, you can determine if a certificate was valid at a given time.

New in version 17.0.0.

Parameters vfy_time (datetime) - The verification time to set on this store.

Returns None if the verification time was successfully set.

X509StoreContextError objects

class OpenSSL.crypto.X509StoreContextError (message, certificate)

An exception raised when an error occurred while verifying a certificate using *OpenSSL.X509StoreContext.verify certificate*.

Variables certificate – The certificate which caused verificate failure.

X509StoreContext objects

```
class OpenSSL.crypto.X509StoreContext(store, certificate)
```

An X.509 store context.

An X.509 store context is used to carry out the actual verification process of a certificate in a described context. For describing such a context, see *X509Store*.

Variables

- _store_ctx The underlying X509_STORE_CTX structure used by this instance. It is dynamically allocated and automatically garbage collected.
- _store See the store __init__ parameter.
- _cert See the certificate __init__ parameter.

Parameters

- **store** (X509Store) The certificates which will be trusted for the purposes of any verifications.
- **certificate** (X509) The certificate to be verified.

set store(store)

Set the context's X.509 store.

New in version 0.15.

Parameters store (X509Store) – The store description which will be used for the purposes of any *future* verifications.

verify_certificate()

Verify a certificate in a context.

New in version 0.15.

Raises *X509StoreContextError* – If an error occurred when validating a certificate in the context. Sets certificate attribute to indicate which certificate caused the error.

X509StoreFlags constants

```
class OpenSSL.crypto.X509StoreFlags
```

Flags for X509 verification, used to change the behavior of X509Store.

See OpenSSL Verification Flags for details.

CRL CHECK

CRL_CHECK_ALL

IGNORE CRITICAL

X509_STRICT

ALLOW_PROXY_CERTS

POLICY_CHECK

EXPLICIT_POLICY

INHIBIT_MAP

NOTIFY_POLICY

CHECK_SS_SIGNATURE

CB_ISSUER_CHECK

PKey objects

class OpenSSL.crypto.PKey

A class representing an DSA or RSA public key or key pair.

bits(

Returns the number of bits of the key

Returns The number of bits of the key.

```
check ()
Chec
```

Check the consistency of an RSA private key.

This is the Python equivalent of OpenSSL's RSA_check_key.

Returns True if key is consistent.

Raises

- OpenSSL. crypto. Error if the key is inconsistent.
- **TypeError** if the key is of a type which cannot be checked. Only RSA keys can currently be checked.

classmethod from_cryptography_key (crypto_key)

Construct based on a cryptography *crypto_key*.

Parameters crypto_key (One of cryptography's key interfaces.) - A cryptography key.

Return type PKey

New in version 16.1.0.

generate_key (type, bits)

Generate a key pair of the given type, with the given number of bits.

This generates a key "into" the this object.

Parameters

- **type** (*TYPE_RSA* or *TYPE_DSA*) The key type.
- bits (int >= 0) The number of bits.

Raises

- **TypeError** If type or bits isn't of the appropriate type.
- **ValueError** If the number of bits isn't an integer of the appropriate size.

Returns None

to_cryptography_key()

Export as a cryptography key.

Return type One of cryptography's key interfaces.

New in version 16.1.0.

type()

Returns the type of the key

Returns The type of the key.

```
OpenSSL.crypto.TYPE_RSA
OpenSSL.crypto.TYPE_DSA
Key type constants.
```

PKCS7 objects

PKCS7 objects have the following methods:

```
PKCS7.type_is_signed()
FIXME
```

```
PKCS7.type_is_enveloped()
     FIXME
PKCS7.type_is_signedAndEnveloped()
     FIXME
PKCS7.type_is_data()
     FIXME
PKCS7.get_type_name()
     Get the type name of the PKCS7.
PKCS12 objects
class OpenSSL.crypto.PKCS12
     A PKCS #12 archive.
     export (passphrase=None, iter=2048, maciter=1)
          Dump a PKCS12 object as a string.
          For more information, see the PKCS12_create() man page.
              Parameters
                  • passphrase (bytes) - The passphrase used to encrypt the structure. Unlike some
                    other passphrase arguments, this must be a string, not a callback.
                  • iter (int) – Number of times to repeat the encryption step.
                  • maciter (int) - Number of times to repeat the MAC step.
              Returns The string representation of the PKCS #12 structure.
              Return type
     get_ca_certificates()
          Get the CA certificates in the PKCS #12 structure.
              Returns A tuple with the CA certificates in the chain, or None if there are none.
              Return type tuple of X509 or None
     get_certificate()
          Get the certificate in the PKCS #12 structure.
              Returns The certificate, or None if there is none.
              Return type X509 or None
     get_friendlyname()
          Get the friendly name in the PKCS# 12 structure.
              Returns The friendly name, or None if there is none.
              Return type bytes or None
     get_privatekey()
          Get the private key in the PKCS #12 structure.
              Returns The private key, or None if there is none.
              Return type PKey
     set_ca_certificates(cacerts)
          Replace or set the CA certificates within the PKCS12 object.
```

Parameters cacerts (An iterable of X509 or None) – The new CA certificates, or None to unset them.

Returns None

set certificate(cert)

Set the certificate in the PKCS #12 structure.

Parameters cert (X509 or None) – The new certificate, or None to unset it.

Returns None

set_friendlyname (name)

Set the friendly name in the PKCS #12 structure.

Parameters name (bytes or None) - The new friendly name, or None to unset.

Returns None

set_privatekey(pkey)

Set the certificate portion of the PKCS #12 structure.

Parameters pkey (PKey or None) – The new private key, or None to unset it.

Returns None

X509Extension objects

```
class OpenSSL.crypto.X509Extension (type_name, critical, value, subject=None, issuer=None) An X.509 v3 certificate extension.
```

```
__init__ (type_name, critical, value, subject=None, issuer=None)
Initializes an X509 extension.
```

Parameters

- type_name (bytes) The name of the type of extension to create.
- **critical** (bool) A flag indicating whether this is a critical extension.
- value (bytes) The value of the extension.
- **subject** (*X509*) Optional X509 certificate to use as subject.
- **issuer** (*X*509) Optional X509 certificate to use as issuer.

__str__()

Returns a nice text representation of the extension

get_critical()

Returns the critical field of this X.509 extension.

Returns The critical field.

get_data()

Returns the data of the X509 extension, encoded as ASN.1.

Returns The ASN.1 encoded data of this X509 extension.

Return type bytes

New in version 0.12.

```
get_short_name()
```

Returns the short type name of this X.509 extension.

The result is a byte string such as b"basicConstraints".

Returns The short type name.

Return type bytes

New in version 0.12.

NetscapeSPKI objects

```
class OpenSSL.crypto.NetscapeSPKI
```

A Netscape SPKI object.

b64_encode()

Generate a base64 encoded representation of this SPKI object.

Returns The base64 encoded string.

Return type bytes

get_pubkey()

Get the public key of this certificate.

Returns The public key.

Return type PKey

set_pubkey (pkey)

Set the public key of the certificate

Parameters pkey – The public key

Returns None

sign (pkey, digest)

Sign the certificate request with this key and digest type.

Parameters

- **pkey** (*PKey*) The private key to sign with.
- **digest** (bytes) The message digest to use.

Returns None

verify(key)

Verifies a signature on a certificate request.

Parameters key (PKey) – The public key that signature is supposedly from.

Returns True if the signature is correct.

Return type bool

Raises *OpenSSL.crypto.Error* – If the signature is invalid, or there was a problem verifying the signature.

CRL objects

class OpenSSL.crypto.CRL

A certificate revocation list.

add_revoked (revoked)

Add a revoked (by value not reference) to the CRL structure

This revocation will be added by value, not by reference. That means it's okay to mutate it after adding: it won't affect this CRL.

Parameters revoked (Revoked) – The new revocation.

Returns None

export (cert, key, type=1, days=100, digest=<object object>)

Export the CRL as a string.

Parameters

- cert (X509) The certificate used to sign the CRL.
- **key** (PKey) The key used to sign the CRL.
- type (int) The export format, either FILETYPE_PEM, FILETYPE_ASN1, or FILETYPE_TEXT.
- days (int) The number of days until the next update of this CRL.
- **digest** (bytes) The name of the message digest to use (eg b"sha2566").

Return type bytes

$\verb|classmethod from_cryptography| (crypto_crl)$

Construct based on a cryptography *crypto_crl*.

Parameters crypto_crl (cryptography.x509.CertificateRevocationList)

- A cryptography certificate revocation list

Return type CRL

New in version 17.1.0.

get_issuer()

Get the CRL's issuer.

New in version 16.1.0.

Return type X509Name

get_revoked()

Return the revocations in this certificate revocation list.

These revocations will be provided by value, not by reference. That means it's okay to mutate them: it won't affect this CRL.

Returns The revocations in this CRL.

Return type tuple of Revocation

set_lastUpdate(when)

Set when the CRL was last updated.

The timestamp is formatted as an ASN.1 TIME:

YYYYMMDDhhmmssZ

New in version 16.1.0.

Parameters when (bytes) – A timestamp string.

Returns None

set_nextUpdate(when)

Set when the CRL will next be udpated.

The timestamp is formatted as an ASN.1 TIME:

YYYYMMDDhhmmssZ

New in version 16.1.0.

Parameters when (bytes) – A timestamp string.

Returns None

set_version (version)

Set the CRL version.

New in version 16.1.0.

Parameters version (*int*) – The version of the CRL.

Returns None

sign (issuer_cert, issuer_key, digest)

Sign the CRL.

Signing a CRL enables clients to associate the CRL itself with an issuer. Before a CRL is meaningful to other OpenSSL functions, it must be signed by an issuer.

This method implicitly sets the issuer's name based on the issuer certificate and private key used to sign the CRL.

New in version 16.1.0.

Parameters

- issuer_cert (X509) The issuer's certificate.
- issuer_key (PKey) The issuer's private key.
- **digest** (bytes) The digest method to sign the CRL with.

to_cryptography()

Export as a cryptography CRL.

Return type cryptography.x509.CertificateRevocationList

New in version 17.1.0.

Revoked objects

class OpenSSL.crypto.Revoked

A certificate revocation.

all reasons()

Return a list of all the supported reason strings.

This list is a copy; modifying it does not change the supported reason strings.

```
Returns A list of reason strings.
         Return type list of bytes
get_reason()
     Get the reason of this revocation.
         Returns The reason, or None if there is none.
         Return type bytes or NoneType
     See also:
     all_reasons(), which gives you a list of all supported reasons this method might return.
get_rev_date()
     Get the revocation timestamp.
         Returns The timestamp of the revocation, as ASN.1 TIME.
         Return type bytes
get serial()
     Get the serial number.
     The serial number is formatted as a hexadecimal number encoded in ASCII.
         Returns The serial number.
         Return type bytes
set reason(reason)
     Set the reason of this revocation.
     If reason is None, delete the reason instead.
         Parameters reason (bytes or NoneType) – The reason string.
         Returns None
     See also:
     all_reasons (), which gives you a list of all supported reasons which you might pass to this method.
set rev date (when)
     Set the revocation timestamp.
         Parameters when (bytes) – The timestamp of the revocation, as ASN.1 TIME.
         Returns None
set serial(hex str)
     Set the serial number.
     The serial number is formatted as a hexadecimal number encoded in ASCII.
         Parameters hex_str (bytes) - The new serial number.
         Returns None
```

Exceptions

```
exception OpenSSL.crypto.Error
```

Generic exception used in the *crypto* module.

Digest names

Several of the functions and methods in this module take a digest name. These must be strings describing a digest algorithm supported by OpenSSL (by EVP_get_digestbyname, specifically). For example, b"sha256" or b"sha384".

More information and a list of these digest names can be found in the EVP_DigestInit(3) man page of your OpenSSL installation. This page can be found online for the latest version of OpenSSL: https://www.openssl.org/docs/manmaster/man3/EVP_DigestInit.html

1.3.2 SSL — An interface to the SSL-specific parts of OpenSSL

This module handles things specific to SSL. There are two objects defined: Context, Connection.

```
OpenSSL.SSL.SSLv2_METHOD
OpenSSL.SSL.SSLv3_METHOD
OpenSSL.SSL.SSLv23_METHOD
OpenSSL.SSL.TLSv1_METHOD
OpenSSL.SSL.TLSv1_1_METHOD
OpenSSL.SSL.TLSv1_2_METHOD
```

These constants represent the different SSL methods to use when creating a context object. If the underlying OpenSSL build is missing support for any of these protocols, constructing a *Context* using the corresponding *_METHOD will raise an exception.

```
OpenSSL.SSL.VERIFY_NONE
OpenSSL.SSL.VERIFY_PEER
OpenSSL.SSL.VERIFY_FAIL_IF_NO_PEER_CERT
```

These constants represent the verification mode used by the Context object's set_verify() method.

```
OpenSSL.SSL.FILETYPE_PEM
OpenSSL.SSL.FILETYPE_ASN1
```

File type constants used with the use_certificate_file() and use_privatekey_file() methods of Context objects.

```
OpenSSL.SSL.OP_SINGLE_DH_USE
OpenSSL.SSL.OP_SINGLE_ECDH_USE
```

Constants used with set_options () of Context objects.

When these options are used, a new key will always be created when using ephemeral (Elliptic curve) Diffie-Hellman.

```
OpenSSL.SSL.OP_EPHEMERAL_RSA
```

Constant used with set_options() of Context objects.

When this option is used, ephemeral RSA keys will always be used when doing RSA operations.

```
OpenSSL.SSL.OP NO TICKET
```

Constant used with set_options() of Context objects.

When this option is used, the session ticket extension will not be used.

```
OpenSSL.SSL.OP_NO_COMPRESSION
```

Constant used with set_options() of Context objects.

When this option is used, compression will not be used.

```
OpenSSL.SSL.OP_NO_SSLv2
OpenSSL.SSL.OP_NO_SSLv3
OpenSSL.SSL.OP_NO_TLSv1
```

```
OpenSSL.SSL.OP_NO_TLSv1_1
OpenSSL.SSL.OP_NO_TLSv1_2
```

Constants used with set_options() of Context objects.

Each of these options disables one version of the SSL/TLS protocol. This is interesting if you're using e.g. SSLv23_METHOD to get an SSLv2-compatible handshake, but don't want to use SSLv2. If the underlying OpenSSL build is missing support for any of these protocols, the OP_NO_* constant may be undefined.

```
OpenSSL.SSL.SSLEAY_VERSION
OpenSSL.SSL.SSLEAY_CFLAGS
OpenSSL.SSL.SSLEAY_BUILT_ON
OpenSSL.SSL.SSLEAY_PLATFORM
OpenSSL.SSL.SSLEAY_DIR
```

Constants used with SSLeay_version() to specify what OpenSSL version information to retrieve. See the man page for the SSLeay_version() C API for details.

```
OpenSSL.SSL.SESS_CACHE_OFF
OpenSSL.SSL.SESS_CACHE_CLIENT
OpenSSL.SSL.SESS_CACHE_SERVER
OpenSSL.SSL.SESS_CACHE_BOTH
OpenSSL.SSL.SESS_CACHE_NO_AUTO_CLEAR
OpenSSL.SSL.SESS_CACHE_NO_INTERNAL_LOOKUP
OpenSSL.SSL.SESS_CACHE_NO_INTERNAL_STORE
OpenSSL.SSL.SESS_CACHE_NO_INTERNAL
```

Constants used with <code>Context.set_session_cache_mode()</code> to specify the behavior of the session cache and potential session reuse. See the man page for the <code>SSL_CTX_set_session_cache_mode()</code> C API for details.

New in version 0.14.

OpenSSL.SSL.OPENSSL_VERSION_NUMBER

An integer giving the version number of the OpenSSL library used to build this version of pyOpenSSL. See the man page for the $SSLeay_version$ () C API for details.

```
OpenSSL.SSL.SSLeay_version(type)
```

Retrieve a string describing some aspect of the underlying OpenSSL version. The type passed in should be one of the SSLEAY_* constants defined in this module.

```
OpenSSL.SSL.ContextType
See Context.
```

```
class OpenSSL.SSL.Context(method)
```

A class representing SSL contexts. Contexts define the parameters of one or more SSL connections.

```
method should be SSLv2_METHOD, SSLv3_METHOD, SSLv23_METHOD, TLSv1_METHOD, TLSv1_1_METHOD, or TLSv1_2_METHOD.
```

class OpenSSL.SSL.Session

A class representing an SSL session. A session defines certain connection parameters which may be re-used to speed up the setup of subsequent connections.

New in version 0.14.

```
OpenSSL.SSL.ConnectionType
```

See Connection.

```
class OpenSSL.SSL.Connection(context, socket)
```

A class representing SSL connections.

context should be an instance of Context and socket should be a socket object. socket may be None; in this case, the Connection is created with a memory BIO: see the bio_read(), bio_write(), and bio_shutdown() methods.

exception OpenSSL.SSL.Error

This exception is used as a base class for the other SSL-related exceptions, but may also be raised directly.

Whenever this exception is raised directly, it has a list of error messages from the OpenSSL error queue, where each item is a tuple (*lib*, function, reason). Here *lib*, function and reason are all strings, describing where and what the problem is. See err (3) for more information.

exception OpenSSL.SSL.ZeroReturnError

This exception matches the error return code SSL_ERROR_ZERO_RETURN, and is raised when the SSL Connection has been closed. In SSL 3.0 and TLS 1.0, this only occurs if a closure alert has occurred in the protocol, i.e. the connection has been closed cleanly. Note that this does not necessarily mean that the transport layer (e.g. a socket) has been closed.

It may seem a little strange that this is an exception, but it does match an SSL_ERROR code, and is very convenient.

exception OpenSSL.SSL.WantReadError

The operation did not complete; the same I/O method should be called again later, with the same arguments. Any I/O method can lead to this since new handshakes can occur at any time.

The wanted read is for **dirty** data sent over the network, not the **clean** data inside the tunnel. For a socket based SSL connection, **read** means data coming at us over the network. Until that read succeeds, the attempted <code>OpenSSL.SSL.Connection.recv()</code>, <code>OpenSSL.SSL.Connection.send()</code>, or <code>OpenSSL.SSL.Connection.do_handshake()</code> is prevented or incomplete. You probably want to <code>select()</code> on the socket before trying again.

exception OpenSSL.SSL.WantWriteError

See WantReadError. The socket send buffer may be too full to write more data.

exception OpenSSL.SSL.WantX509LookupError

The operation did not complete because an application callback has asked to be called again. The I/O method should be called again later, with the same arguments.

Note: This won't occur in this version, as there are no such callbacks in this version.

exception OpenSSL.SSL.SysCallError

The SysCallError occurs when there's an I/O error and OpenSSL's error queue does not contain any information. This can mean two things: An error in the transport protocol, or an end of file that violates the protocol. The parameter to the exception is always a pair (errnum, errstr).

Context objects

Context objects have the following methods:

Context.check privatekey()

Check if the private key (loaded with use_privatekey()) matches the certificate (loaded with use_certificate()). Returns None if they match, raises Error otherwise.

Context.get_app_data()

Retrieve application data as set by set_app_data().

¹ Actually, all that is required is an object that **behaves** like a socket, you could even use files, even though it'd be tricky to get the handshakes right!

Context.get cert store()

Retrieve the certificate store (a X509Store object) that the context uses. This can be used to add "trusted" certificates without using the <code>load_verify_locations()</code> method.

Context.get_timeout()

Retrieve session timeout, as set by set_timeout(). The default is 300 seconds.

Context.get_verify_depth()

Retrieve the Context object's verify depth, as set by set_verify_depth().

Context.get_verify_mode()

Retrieve the Context object's verify mode, as set by set_verify().

Context.load_client_ca(cafile)

Load the trusted certificates that will be sent to the client. Does not actually imply any of the certificates are trusted; that must be configured separately.

Parameters cafile (bytes) – The path to a certificates file in PEM format.

Returns None

Context.set client ca list(certificate authorities)

Replace the current list of preferred certificate signers that would be sent to the client when requesting a client certificate with the *certificate_authorities* sequence of <code>OpenSSL.crypto.X509Name</code>'s.

New in version 0.10.

Context.add_client_ca (certificate_authority)

Extract a OpenSSL.crypto.X509Name from the certificate_authority OpenSSL.crypto.X509 certificate and add it to the list of preferred certificate signers sent to the client when requesting a client certificate.

New in version 0.10.

Context.load_verify_locations (pemfile, capath)

Specify where CA certificates for verification purposes are located. These are trusted certificates. Note that the certificates have to be in PEM format. If capath is passed, it must be a directory prepared using the c_rehash tool included with OpenSSL. Either, but not both, of *pemfile* or *capath* may be None.

Context.set_default_verify_paths()

Specify that the platform provided CA certificates are to be used for verification purposes. This method has some caveats related to the binary wheels that cryptography (pyOpenSSL's primary dependency) ships:

- macOS will only load certificates using this method if the user has the openssl@1.1 Homebrew formula installed in the default location.
- · Windows will not work.
- manylinux1 cryptography wheels will work on most common Linux distributions in pyOpenSSL 17.1.0 and above. pyOpenSSL detects the manylinux1 wheel and attempts to load roots via a fallback path.

Context.load_tmp_dh(dhfile)

Load parameters for Ephemeral Diffie-Hellman from dhfile.

Context.set_tmp_ecdh(curve)

Select a curve to use for ECDHE key exchange.

The valid values of *curve* are the objects returned by <code>OpenSSL.crypto.get_elliptic_curves()</code> or <code>OpenSSL.crypto.get_elliptic_curve()</code>.

Context.set_app_data(data)

Associate data with this Context object. data can be retrieved later using the get_app_data() method.

${\tt Context.set_cipher_list}\ (\textit{cipher_list})$

Set the list of ciphers to be used in this context.

See the OpenSSL manual for more information (e.g. ciphers (1)).

Parameters cipher_list (bytes) - An OpenSSL cipher string.

Returns None

Context.set_info_callback(callback)

Set the information callback to *callback*. This function will be called from time to time during SSL handshakes.

callback should take three arguments: a Connection object and two integers. The first integer specifies where in the SSL handshake the function was called, and the other the return code from a (possibly failed) internal function call.

Context.set_options(options)

Add SSL options. Options you have set before are not cleared! This method should be used with the OP_* constants.

Context.set_mode (mode)

Add SSL mode. Modes you have set before are not cleared! This method should be used with the MODE_* constants.

Context.set_passwd_cb(callback[, userdata])

Set the passphrase callback to *callback*. This function will be called when a private key with a passphrase is loaded. *callback* must accept three positional arguments. First, an integer giving the maximum length of the passphrase it may return. If the returned passphrase is longer than this, it will be truncated. Second, a boolean value which will be true if the user should be prompted for the passphrase twice and the callback should verify that the two values supplied are equal. Third, the value given as the *userdata* parameter to $set_passwd_cb()$. The *callback* must return a byte string. If an error occurs, *callback* should return a false value (e.g. an empty string).

Context.set_session_cache_mode (mode)

Set the behavior of the session cache used by all connections using this Context. The previously set mode is returned. See SESS_CACHE_* for details about particular modes.

New in version 0.14.

Context.get_session_cache_mode()

Get the current session cache mode.

New in version 0.14.

Context.set_session_id(buf)

Set the session id to *buf* within which a session can be reused for this Context object. This is needed when doing session resumption, because there is no way for a stored session to know which Context object it is associated with.

Parameters buf (bytes) – The session id.

Returns None

Context.set_timeout (timeout)

Set the timeout for newly created sessions for this Context object to *timeout*. *timeout* must be given in (whole) seconds. The default value is 300 seconds. See the OpenSSL manual for more information (e.g. $SSL_CTX_set_timeout(3)$).

Context.set_verify (mode, callback)

Set the verification flags for this Context object to *mode* and specify that *callback* should be used for verification callbacks. *mode* should be one of *VERIFY_NONE* and *VERIFY_PEER*. If *VERIFY_PEER* is used, *mode* can be OR:ed with *VERIFY_FAIL_IF_NO_PEER_CERT* and VERIFY_CLIENT_ONCE to further control the behaviour.

callback should take five arguments: A Connection object, an X509 object, and three integer variables, which are in turn potential error number, error depth and return code. *callback* should return true if verification passes and false otherwise.

Context.set_verify_depth(depth)

Set the maximum depth for the certificate chain verification that shall be allowed for this Context object.

Context.use certificate(cert)

Use the certificate *cert* which has to be a X509 object.

Context.add_extra_chain_cert (cert)

Adds the certificate cert, which has to be a X509 object, to the certificate chain presented together with the certificate.

Context.use_certificate_chain_file (file)

Load a certificate chain from file which must be PEM encoded.

Context.use_privatekey(pkey)

Use the private key pkey which has to be a PKey object.

Context.use_certificate_file(file[, format])

Load the first certificate found in *file*. The certificate must be in the format specified by *format*, which is either *FILETYPE_PEM* or *FILETYPE_ASN1*. The default is *FILETYPE_PEM*.

Context.use_privatekey_file(file[, format])

Load the first private key found in *file*. The private key must be in the format specified by *format*, which is either *FILETYPE_PEM* or *FILETYPE_ASN1*. The default is *FILETYPE_PEM*.

Context.set_tlsext_servername_callback(callback)

Specify a one-argument callable to use as the TLS extension server name callback. When a connection using the server name extension is made using this context, the callback will be invoked with the Connection instance.

New in version 0.13.

Context.set_npn_advertise_callback(callback)

Specify a callback function that will be called when offering Next Protocol Negotiation as a server.

callback should be the callback function. It will be invoked with one argument, the *Connection* instance. It should return a list of bytestrings representing the advertised protocols, like [b'http/1.1', b'spdy/2'].

New in version 0.15.

Context.set_npn_select_callback(callback):

Specify a callback function that will be called when a server offers Next Protocol Negotiation options.

callback should be the callback function. It will be invoked with two arguments: the *Connection*, and a list of offered protocols as bytestrings, e.g. [b'http/1.1', b'spdy/2']. It should return one of those bytestrings, the chosen protocol.

New in version 0.15.

Context.set_alpn_protos(protos)

Specify the protocols that the client is prepared to speak after the TLS connection has been negotiated using Application Layer Protocol Negotiation.

protos should be a list of protocols that the client is offering, each as a bytestring. For example, [b'http/1.1', b'spdy/2'].

Context.set_alpn_select_callback (callback)

Specify a callback function that will be called on the server when a client offers protocols using Application Layer Protocol Negotiation.

callback should be the callback function. It will be invoked with two arguments: the Connection and a list of offered protocols as bytestrings, e.g. [b'http/1.1', b'spdy/2']. It should return one of these bytestrings, the chosen protocol.

Session objects

Session objects have no methods.

Connection objects

Connection objects have the following methods:

```
Connection.accept()
```

Call the accept () method of the underlying socket and set up SSL on the returned socket, using the Context object supplied to this Connection object at creation. Returns a pair (conn, address). where conn is the new Connection object created, and address is as returned by the socket's accept ().

```
Connection.bind(address)
```

Call the bind () method of the underlying socket.

```
Connection.close()
```

Call the close () method of the underlying socket. Note: If you want correct SSL closure, you need to call the shutdown () method first.

```
Connection.connect (address)
```

Call the *connect* () method of the underlying socket and set up SSL on the socket, using the Context object supplied to this Connection object at creation.

```
Connection.connect_ex(address)
```

Call the <code>connect_ex()</code> method of the underlying socket and set up SSL on the socket, using the Context object supplied to this Connection object at creation. Note that if the <code>connect_ex()</code> method of the socket doesn't return 0, SSL won't be initialized.

```
Connection.do_handshake()
```

Perform an SSL handshake (usually called after renegotiate() or one of set_accept_state() or set_accept_state()). This can raise the same exceptions as send() and recv().

```
Connection.fileno()
```

Retrieve the file descriptor number for the underlying socket.

```
Connection.listen(backlog)
```

Call the listen() method of the underlying socket.

```
Connection.get_app_data()
```

Retrieve application data as set by set_app_data().

```
Connection.get_cipher_list()
```

Retrieve the list of ciphers used by the Connection object.

Returns A list of native cipher strings.

```
Connection.get_protocol_version()
```

Retrieve the version of the SSL or TLS protocol used by the Connection. For example, it will return 0×769 for connections made over TLS version 1.

```
Connection.get_protocol_version_name()
```

Retrieve the version of the SSL or TLS protocol used by the Connection as a unicode string. For example, it will return TLSv1 for connections made over TLS version 1, or Unknown for connections that were not successfully established.

```
Connection.get_client_ca_list()
```

Retrieve the list of preferred client certificate issuers sent by the server as OpenSSL.crypto.X509Name objects.

If this is a client Connection, the list will be empty until the connection with the server is established.

If this is a server *Connection*, return the list of certificate authorities that will be sent or has been sent to the client, as controlled by this *Connection*'s *Context*.

New in version 0.10.

```
Connection.get_context()
```

Retrieve the Context object associated with this Connection.

```
Connection.set context(context)
```

Specify a replacement Context object for this Connection.

```
Connection.get_peer_certificate()
```

Retrieve the other side's certificate (if any)

```
Connection.get_peer_cert_chain()
```

Retrieve the tuple of the other side's certificate chain (if any)

```
Connection.getpeername()
```

Call the getpeername () method of the underlying socket.

```
Connection.getsockname()
```

Call the getsockname () method of the underlying socket.

```
Connection.getsockopt (level, optname , buflen )
```

Call the getsockopt () method of the underlying socket.

```
Connection.pending()
```

Retrieve the number of bytes that can be safely read from the SSL buffer (not the underlying transport buffer).

```
Connection.recv(bufsize[, flags])
```

Receive data from the Connection. The return value is a string representing the data received. The maximum amount of data to be received at once, is specified by *bufsize*. The only supported flag is MSG_PEEK, all other flags are ignored.

```
Connection.recv_into(buffer[, nbytes[, flags]])
```

Receive data from the Connection and copy it directly into the provided buffer. The return value is the number of bytes read from the connection. The maximum amount of data to be received at once is specified by *nbytes*. The only supported flag is MSG PEEK, all other flags are ignored.

```
Connection.bio write(bytes)
```

If the Connection was created with a memory BIO, this method can be used to add bytes to the read end of that memory BIO. The Connection can then read the bytes (for example, in response to a call to recv()).

```
Connection.renegotiate()
```

Renegotiate the session.

Returns True if the renegotiation can be started, False otherwise

Return type bool

```
Connection.renegotiate_pending()
```

Check if there's a renegotiation in progress, it will return False once a renegotiation is finished.

Returns Whether there's a renegotiation in progress

Return type bool

32

Connection.total renegotiations()

Find out the total number of renegotiations.

Returns The number of renegotiations.

Return type int

Connection.send(string)

Send the string data to the Connection.

Connection.bio_read(bufsize)

If the Connection was created with a memory BIO, this method can be used to read bytes from the write end of that memory BIO. Many Connection methods will add bytes which must be read in this manner or the buffer will eventually fill up and the Connection will be able to take no further actions.

Connection.sendall(string)

Send all of the *string* data to the Connection. This calls <code>send()</code> repeatedly until all data is sent. If an error occurs, it's impossible to tell how much data has been sent.

Connection.set_accept_state()

Set the connection to work in server mode. The handshake will be handled automatically by read/write.

Connection.set_app_data(data)

Associate data with this Connection object. data can be retrieved later using the get_app_data() method.

Connection.set_connect_state()

Set the connection to work in client mode. The handshake will be handled automatically by read/write.

Connection.setblocking(flag)

Call the setblocking() method of the underlying socket.

Connection.setsockopt(level, optname, value)

Call the setsockopt () method of the underlying socket.

Connection.shutdown()

Send the shutdown message to the Connection. Returns true if the shutdown message exchange is completed and false otherwise (in which case you call recv() or send() when the connection becomes readable/writeable.

Connection.get_shutdown()

Get the shutdown state of the Connection. Returns a bitvector of either or both of SENT_SHUTDOWN and RECEIVED_SHUTDOWN.

Connection.set shutdown(state)

Set the shutdown state of the Connection. *state* is a bitvector of either or both of *SENT_SHUTDOWN* and *RECEIVED_SHUTDOWN*.

Connection.sock_shutdown(how)

Call the shutdown () method of the underlying socket.

Connection.bio_shutdown()

If the Connection was created with a memory BIO, this method can be used to indicate that *end of file* has been reached on the read end of that memory BIO.

Connection.get_state_string()

Retrieve a verbose string detailing the state of the Connection.

Returns A string representing the state

Return type bytes

Connection.client_random()

Retrieve the random value used with the client hello message.

Connection.server_random()

Retrieve the random value used with the server hello message.

Connection.master_key()

Retrieve the value of the master key for this session.

Connection.want_read()

Checks if more data has to be read from the transport layer to complete an operation.

Connection.want write()

Checks if there is data to write to the transport layer to complete an operation.

Connection.set_tlsext_host_name(name)

Specify the byte string to send as the server name in the client hello message.

New in version 0.13.

Connection.get_servername()

Get the value of the server name received in the client hello message.

New in version 0.13.

Connection.get_session()

Get a Session instance representing the SSL session in use by the connection, or None if there is no session.

New in version 0.14.

Connection.set_session(session)

Set a new SSL session (using a Session instance) to be used by the connection.

New in version 0.14.

Connection.get_finished()

Obtain latest TLS Finished message that we sent, or None if handshake is not completed.

New in version 0.15.

Connection.get_peer_finished()

Obtain latest TLS Finished message that we expected from peer, or None if handshake is not completed.

New in version 0.15.

Connection.get_cipher_name()

Obtain the name of the currently used cipher.

New in version 0.15.

Connection.get_cipher_bits()

Obtain the number of secret bits of the currently used cipher.

New in version 0.15.

Connection.get_cipher_version()

Obtain the protocol name of the currently used cipher.

New in version 0.15.

Connection.get_next_proto_negotiated():

Get the protocol that was negotiated by Next Protocol Negotiation. Returns a bytestring of the protocol name. If no protocol has been negotiated yet, returns an empty string.

New in version 0.15.

Connection.set_alpn_protos(protos)

Specify the protocols that the client is prepared to speak after the TLS connection has been negotiated using Application Layer Protocol Negotiation.

protos should be a list of protocols that the client is offering, each as a bytestring. For example, [b'http/1.1', b'spdy/2'].

Connection.get_alpn_proto_negotiated()

Get the protocol that was negotiated by Application Layer Protocol Negotiation. Returns a bytestring of the protocol name. If no protocol has been negotiated yet, returns an empty string.

1.4 Internals

We ran into three main problems developing this: Exceptions, callbacks and accessing socket methods. This is what this chapter is about.

1.4.1 Exceptions

We realized early that most of the exceptions would be raised by the I/O functions of OpenSSL, so it felt natural to mimic OpenSSL's error code system, translating them into Python exceptions. This naturally gives us the exceptions SSL.ZeroReturnError, SSL.WantReadError, SSL.WantWriteError, SSL.WantX509LookupError and SSL.SysCallError.

For more information about this, see section SSL — An interface to the SSL-specific parts of OpenSSL.

1.4.2 Callbacks

Callbacks were more of a problem when pyOpenSSL was written in C. Having switched to being written in Python using cffi, callbacks are now straightforward. The problems that originally existed no longer do (if you are interested in the details you can find descriptions of those problems in the version control history for this document).

1.4.3 Accessing Socket Methods

We quickly saw the benefit of wrapping socket methods in the SSL.Connection class, for an easy transition into using SSL. The problem here is that the socket module lacks a C API, and all the methods are declared static. One approach would be to have OpenSSL as a submodule to the socket module, placing all the code in socketmodule.c, but this is obviously not a good solution, since you might not want to import tonnes of extra stuff you're not going to use when importing the socket module. The other approach is to somehow get a pointer to the method to be called, either the C function, or a callable Python object. This is not really a good solution either, since there's a lot of lookups involved.

The way it works is that you have to supply a <code>socket-like</code> transport object to the <code>SSL.Connection</code>. The only requirement of this object is that it has a <code>fileno()</code> method that returns a file descriptor that's valid at the C level (i.e. you can use the system calls read and write). If you want to use the <code>connect()</code> or <code>accept()</code> methods of the <code>SSL.Connection</code> object, the transport object has to supply such methods too. Apart from them, any method lookups in the <code>SSL.Connection</code> object that fail are passed on to the underlying transport object.

Future changes might be to allow Python-level transport objects, that instead of having fileno() methods, have read() and write() methods, so more advanced features of Python can be used. This would probably entail some sort of OpenSSL BIOs, but converting Python strings back and forth is expensive, so this shouldn't be used unless necessary. Other nice things would be to be able to pass in different transport objects for reading and writing, but then the fileno() method of SSL.Connection becomes virtually useless. Also, should the method resolution be used on the read-transport or the write-transport?

There are also examples in the pyOpenSSL repository that may help you getting started.

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1.5 Meta

1.5.1 Backward Compatibility

pyOpenSSL has a very strong backward compatibility policy. Generally speaking, you shouldn't ever be afraid of updating.

If breaking changes are needed do be done, they are:

- 1. ... announced in the *Changelog*.
- 2. ...the old behavior raises a DeprecationWarning for a year.
- 3. ... are done with another announcement in the *Changelog*.

1.5.2 Changelog

Versions are year-based with a strict backward-compatibility policy. The third digit is only for regressions.

17.5.0 (2017-11-30)

Backward-incompatible changes:

• The minimum cryptography version is now 2.1.4.

Deprecations:

none

Changes:

- Fixed a potential use-after-free in the verify callback and resolved a memory leak when loading PKCS12 files with cacerts. #723
- Added Connection.export_keying_material for RFC 5705 compatible export of keying material. #725

17.4.0 (2017-11-21)

Backward-incompatible changes:

none

Deprecations:

none

Changes:

- Re-added a subset of the OpenSSL.rand module. This subset allows conscientious users to reseed the OpenSSL CSPRNG after fork. #708
- Corrected a use-after-free when reusing an issuer or subject from an X509 object after the underlying object has been mutated. #709

17.3.0 (2017-09-14)

Backward-incompatible changes:

- Dropped support for Python 3.3. #677
- Removed the deprecated OpenSSL.rand module. This is being done ahead of our normal deprecation schedule due to its lack of use and the fact that it was becoming a maintenance burden. os.urandom() should be used instead. #675

Deprecations:

• Deprecated OpenSSL.tsafe. #673

Changes:

- Fixed a memory leak in OpenSSL.crypto.CRL.#690
- Fixed a memory leak when verifying certificates with OpenSSL.crypto.X509StoreContext.#691

17.2.0 (2017-07-20)

Backward-incompatible changes:

none

Deprecations:

• Deprecated OpenSSL.rand - callers should use os.urandom() instead. #658

Changes:

- Fixed a bug causing Context.set_default_verify_paths() to not work with cryptography manylinux1 wheels on Python 3.x. #665
- Fixed a crash with (EC)DSA signatures in some cases. #670

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17.1.0 (2017-06-30)

Backward-incompatible changes:

- Removed the deprecated OpenSSL.rand.egd() function. Applications should prefer os.urandom() for random number generation. #630
- Removed the deprecated default digest argument to OpenSSL.crypto.CRL.export(). Callers must now always pass an explicit digest. #652
- Fixed a bug with ASN1_TIME casting in X509.set_notBefore(), X509.set_notAfter(), Revoked.set_rev_date(), Revoked.set_nextUpdate(), and Revoked.set_lastUpdate(). You must now pass times in the form YYYYMMDDhhmmssZ. YYYYMMDDhhmmss+hhmm and YYYYMMDDhhmmss-hhmm will no longer work. #612

Deprecations:

• Deprecated the legacy "Type" aliases: ContextType, ConnectionType, PKeyType, X509NameType, X509ExtensionType, X509ReqType, X509Type, X509StoreType, CRLType, PKCS7Type, PKCS12Type, NetscapeSPKIType. The names without the "Type"-suffix should be used instead.

Changes:

- Added OpenSSL.crypto.X509.from_cryptography() and OpenSSL.crypto.X509. to_cryptography() for converting X.509 certificate to and from pyca/cryptography objects. #640
- Added OpenSSL.crypto.X509Req.from_cryptography(), OpenSSL.crypto.X509Req.to_cryptography(), OpenSSL.crypto.CRL.from_cryptography(), and OpenSSL.crypto.CRL.to_cryptography() for converting X.509 CSRs and CRLs to and from pyca/cryptography objects.#645
- Added OpenSSL.debug that allows to get an overview of used library versions (including linked OpenSSL) and other useful runtime information using python -m OpenSSL.debug. #620
- Added a fallback path to Context.set_default_verify_paths() to accommodate the upcoming release of cryptography manylinux1 wheels. #633

17.0.0 (2017-04-20)

Backward-incompatible changes:

none

Deprecations:

none

Changes:

- Added OpenSSL.X509Store.set_time() to set a custom verification time when verifying certificate chains. #567
- Added a collection of functions for working with OCSP stapling. None of these functions make it possible to validate OCSP assertions, only to staple them into the handshake and to retrieve the stapled assertion if provided. Users will need to write their own code to handle OCSP assertions. We specifically added: Context.set_ocsp_server_callback(), Context.set_ocsp_client_callback(), and Connection.request_ocsp().#580
- Changed the SSL module's memory allocation policy to avoid zeroing memory it allocates when unnecessary.
 This reduces CPU usage and memory allocation time by an amount proportional to the size of the allocation.

 For applications that process a lot of TLS data or that use very lage allocations this can provide considerable performance improvements. #578
- Automatically set SSL_CTX_set_ecdh_auto() on OpenSSL.SSL.Context. #575
- Fix empty exceptions from OpenSSL.crypto.load_privatekey().#581

16.2.0 (2016-10-15)

Backward-incompatible changes:

none

Deprecations:

none

Changes:

- Fixed compatibility errors with OpenSSL 1.1.0.
- Fixed an issue that caused failures with subinterpreters and embedded Pythons. #552

16.1.0 (2016-08-26)

Backward-incompatible changes:

none

Deprecations:

• Dropped support for OpenSSL 0.9.8.

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Changes:

- Fix memory leak in OpenSSL.crypto.dump_privatekey() with FILETYPE_TEXT. #496
- Enable use of CRL (and more) in verify context. #483
- OpenSSL.crypto.PKey can now be constructed from cryptography objects and also exported as such. #439
- Support newer versions of cryptography which use opaque structs for OpenSSL 1.1.0 compatibility.

16.0.0 (2016-03-19)

This is the first release under full stewardship of PyCA. We have made *many* changes to make local development more pleasing. The test suite now passes both on Linux and OS X with OpenSSL 0.9.8, 1.0.1, and 1.0.2. It has been moved to pytest, all CI test runs are part of tox and the source code has been made fully flake8 compliant.

We hope to have lowered the barrier for contributions significantly but are open to hear about any remaining frustrations.

Backward-incompatible changes:

• Python 3.2 support has been dropped. It never had significant real world usage and has been dropped by our main dependency cryptography. Affected users should upgrade to Python 3.3 or later.

Deprecations:

• The support for EGD has been removed. The only affected function <code>OpenSSL.rand.egd()</code> now uses <code>os.urandom()</code> to seed the internal PRNG instead. Please see <code>pyca/cryptography#1636</code> for more background information on this decision. In accordance with our backward compatibility <code>policy OpenSSL.rand.egd()</code> will be <code>removed</code> no sooner than a year from the release of 16.0.0.

Please note that you should use urandom for all your secure random number needs.

• Python 2.6 support has been deprecated. Our main dependency cryptography deprecated 2.6 in version 0.9 (2015-05-14) with no time table for actually dropping it. pyOpenSSL will drop Python 2.6 support once cryptography does.

Changes:

- Fixed OpenSSL.SSL.Context.set_session_id, OpenSSL.SSL.Connection.renegotiate, OpenSSL.SSL.Connection.renegotiate_pending, and OpenSSL.SSL.Context. load_client_ca. They were lacking an implementation since 0.14. #422
- Fixed segmentation fault when using keys larger than 4096-bit to sign data. #428
- Fixed AttributeError when OpenSSL.SSL.Connection.get_app_data() was called before setting any app data. #304
- Added OpenSSL.crypto.dump_publickey() to dump OpenSSL.crypto.PKey objects that represent public keys, and OpenSSL.crypto.load_publickey() to load such objects from serialized representations. #382

- Added OpenSSL.crypto.dump_crl() to dump a certificate revocation list out to a string buffer. #368
- Added OpenSSL.SSL.Connection.get_state_string() using the OpenSSL binding state_string_long.#358
- Added support for the socket.MSG_PEEK flag to OpenSSL.SSL.Connection.recv() and OpenSSL.SSL.Connection.recv_into().#294
- Added OpenSSL.SSL.Connection.get_protocol_version() and OpenSSL.SSL. Connection.get_protocol_version_name().#244
- Switched to utf8string mask by default. OpenSSL formerly defaulted to a T61String if there were UTF-8 characters present. This was changed to default to UTF8String in the config around 2005, but the actual code didn't change it until late last year. This will default us to the setting that actually works. To revert this you can call OpenSSL.crypto._lib.ASN1_STRING_set_default_mask_asc(b"default"). #234

Older Changelog Entries

The changes from before release 16.0.0 are preserved in the repository.

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